2014 Lent Retreat in Daily Living Prayer Material for Week of April 15

For the Days Between Now and Holy Saturday

Following is St. Mark's account of Jesus' passion. As you pray with Jesus passion using the Ignatian method of praying with scripture, engage yourself and your life in these events. Let yourself be intimately attentive to Jesus' sufferings during your contemplations. Be sure to share with Jesus, not only your reactions to his suffering, but also your concerns, needs, desires, sufferings. Be attentive to God's response to you.

Don't try to cover all of the events of the passion in a single prayer period. Rather, each of the next few days, read the account and pick each day a different portion that draws you and focus on that.

During your prayer, it is recommended that you attend to three things, allowing them to throw light on each event in the passion:

First: I watch how Jesus suffered in His humanness, and how He desired to suffer. With great reverence, I wonder: What did He think here? How did this affect His sensibility? Whose unfaithfulness stung Him deepest? And am I amazed that He "desired" to suffer all this – in the sense that He could have retreated into the divinity, but did not. He really felt every prick of His skin; He really endured every insult and betrayal; He actually had to have faith and hope in God.

Second: I consider in how many ways Jesus disguised His true being, the divinity.

Third: I beg God to teach me, deep in my sensibility, that Jesus Christ suffered all this for me. And I beg God to help me accept what I ought to do and to suffer for Jesus in my turn.

[from Joseph A. Tetlow, S.J., Choosing Christ in the World]

Mark 27: 22-54

Pilate said to them, "Then what shall I do with Jesus called Messiah?" They all said, "Let him be crucified!" But he said, "Why? What evil has he done?" They only shouted the louder, "Let him be crucified!"

When Pilate saw that he was not succeeding at all, but that a riot was breaking out instead, he took water and washed his hands in the sight of the crowd, saying, "I am innocent of this man's blood. Look to it yourselves." And the whole people said in reply, "His blood be upon us and upon our children."

Then he released Barabbas to them, but after he had Jesus scourged, he handed him over to be crucified.

Then the soldiers of the governor took Jesus inside the praetorium and gathered the whole cohort around him. They stripped off his clothes and threw a scarlet military cloak about him. Weaving a crown out of thorns, they placed it on his

head, and a reed in his right hand. And kneeling before him, they mocked him, saying, "Hail, King of the Jews!" They spat upon him and took the reed and kept striking him on the head. And when they had mocked him, they stripped him of the cloak, dressed him in his own clothes, and led him off to crucify him. As they were going out, they met a Cyrenian named Simon; this man they pressed into service to carry his cross.

And when they came to a place called Golgotha (which means Place of the Skull), they gave Jesus wine to drink mixed with gall. But when he had tasted it, he refused to drink.

After they had crucified him, they divided his garments by casting lots; then they sat down and kept watch over him there. And they placed over his head the written charge against him: This is Jesus, the King of the Jews. Two revolutionaries were crucified with him, one on his right and the other on his left. Those passing by reviled him, shaking their heads and saying, "You who would destroy the temple and rebuild it in three days, save yourself, if you are the Son of God, (and) come down from the cross!" Likewise the chief priests with the scribes and elders mocked him and said, "He saved others; he cannot save himself. So he is the king of Israel! Let him come down from the cross now, and we will believe in him. He trusted in God; let him deliver him now if he wants him. For he said, 'I am the Son of God.'" The revolutionaries who were crucified with him also kept abusing him in the same way.

From noon onward, darkness came over the whole land until three in the afternoon. And about three o'clock Jesus cried out in a loud voice, "Eli, Eli, lema sabachthani?" which means, "My God, my God, why have you forsaken me?" Some of the bystanders who heard it said, "This one is calling for Elijah." Immediately one of them ran to get a sponge; he soaked it in wine, and putting it on a reed, gave it to him to drink. But the rest said, "Wait, let us see if Elijah comes to save him."

But Jesus cried out again in a loud voice, and gave up his spirit.

Holy Saturday: Tomb Day

Grace: Understanding what it would mean to live in a world without Jesus.

After Christ dies, spend some time in the space between the Crucifixion and the Resurrection – in the world without Jesus. Experience His absence and be mindful of your feelings. Share with God as you are moved.

Easter Sunday and the Days Following

Grace: To feel glad and to rejoice intensely because Jesus Christ rises in exultation and in great power and glory.

Spend several days beginning on Easter Sunday contemplating the Resurrection. Here are some possibilities for your prayer:

The Risen Jesus Goes to His Mother

There is no Scripture for this appearance, but it is presumed Jesus appeared first to Mary.

Be with Jesus and Mary in their joyful reunion. How does Mary feel seeing her son alive? How does Jesus feel? How do you feel?

Stay attentive to the feelings and actions of Mary and Jesus, and share with them your feelings.

John 20: 1-18 – Appearance to Mary Magdalene

Contemplate Mary and the other women going to the tomb to anoint Jesus body. See their astonishment when they discovered the stone rolled away and Jesus' body missing. Notice Mary weeping. What is she feeling?

See the encounter between Jesus and Mary Magdalene, when he proclaims "Mary!" and she says "Teacher!" What are they both feeling? What are you feeling?

Be with Mary as she runs back to the disciples and proclaims "I have seen the Lord!" What is she feeling? What are their reactions?

Let yourself enter into the joy of this moment. Converse with Jesus or Mary as you feel drawn.

Luke 24: 13-35 – Appearance on the Road to Emmaus

Contemplate this walk and walk with Jesus and the two disciples. Notice the disciples distress and pain. Listen to Jesus explain the meaning of the events of the last several days.

Be with them at the table as Jesus blessed and broke the bread. Notice how "their eyes were opened and they recognized him." Notice their response "Were not our hearts burning within us...?"

What are you feeling as you contemplate this event? Converse with Jesus and the disciples as you feel moved.